

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ



ސަރުކާރުގެ ދިވެހިރާއްޖެ

ފަންޖަރުގެ ސަރުކާރުގެ ދިވެހިރާއްޖެ

447-CVC-2024

މަޢުލޫމާތުގެ ސަރުކާރުގެ ދިވެހިރާއްޖެ

ފަންޖަރުގެ ސަރުކާރުގެ ދިވެހިރާއްޖެ

މަޢުލޫމާތުގެ ސަރުކާރުގެ ދިވެހިރާއްޖެ

ފަންޖަރުގެ ސަރުކާރުގެ ދިވެހިރާއްޖެ

މަޢުލޫމާތުގެ ސަރުކާރުގެ ދިވެހިރާއްޖެ

12 ސަފްހާގެ ދިވެހިރާއްޖެ

10 ފަންޖަރުގެ ސަރުކާރުގެ ދިވެހިރާއްޖެ

ސަފްހާ 4 1



ދިވެހިސަރުކާރުގެ ގެޒެޓް

މިއަހަރުގެ ސަރުކާރުގެ ގެޒެޓް، ރ. ދިވެހިސަރުކާރުގެ ގެޒެޓް / (A036187)

މިއަހަރުގެ ސަރުކާރުގެ ގެޒެޓް، ރ. ދިވެހިސަރުކާރުގެ ގެޒެޓް

27 ވަނަ ދުވަހު 1445

07 ވަނަ ދުވަހު 2024



Fig. 1. Schematic diagram of the experimental setup. The subject is seated in a chair and views the target through a video camera. The target is a small object (e.g., a ball) that is moved by a motor. The subject's hand is positioned near the target. The distance between the hand and the target is measured. The subject is instructed to move the hand towards the target. The distance between the hand and the target is measured at the start and end of the movement. The difference between the two measurements is the distance moved. The distance moved is compared to the distance between the hand and the target at the start of the movement. The ratio of the distance moved to the distance between the hand and the target at the start of the movement is the accuracy of the movement. The accuracy is compared to the accuracy of the movement at the start of the movement. The difference between the two accuracies is the change in accuracy. The change in accuracy is compared to the change in accuracy at the start of the movement. The ratio of the change in accuracy to the change in accuracy at the start of the movement is the improvement in accuracy. The improvement in accuracy is compared to the improvement in accuracy at the start of the movement. The difference between the two improvements is the change in improvement. The change in improvement is compared to the change in improvement at the start of the movement. The ratio of the change in improvement to the change in improvement at the start of the movement is the final improvement in accuracy. The final improvement in accuracy is compared to the final improvement in accuracy at the start of the movement. The difference between the two final improvements is the change in final improvement. The change in final improvement is compared to the change in final improvement at the start of the movement. The ratio of the change in final improvement to the change in final improvement at the start of the movement is the final improvement in accuracy.

شوقه کرد و فرستاد که از دستهای من بکشند و در آنجا (۳۴) روزه بگیرم و بخورم، و در دستهای
در دستهای من بکشند و شوقه را بکشند، و در آنجا (۳۵) روزه بگیرم و بخورم.

جی سو رتہ حور بر سر ہے
نگی سو قرار ہے سقم ہے



1298 :e